This presentation contains forward looking statements, including these, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward looking statements are not guarantees of performance. They involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. The future results and securities values of Kinder Morgan Inc., Kinder Morgan Energy Partners, L.P. and Kinder Morgan Management, LLC (collectively known as “Kinder Morgan”) may differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements contained throughout this presentation and in documents filed with the SEC. Many of the factors that will determine these results and values are beyond Kinder Morgan's ability to control or predict. These statements are necessarily based upon various assumptions involving judgments with respect to the future, including, among others, the ability to achieve synergies and revenue growth; national, international, regional and local economic, competitive and regulatory conditions and developments; technological developments; capital markets conditions; inflation rates; interest rates; the political and economic stability of oil producing nations; energy markets; weather conditions; environmental conditions; business and regulatory or legal decisions; the pace of deregulation of retail natural gas and electricity and certain agricultural products; the timing and success of business development efforts; terrorism; and other uncertainties. You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statement.
Kinder Morgan System Map

CO₂ Pipelines
CO₂ Field
Terminals
Products Pipelines
Products Pipeline Terminals
Transmix Facilities
Natural Gas Pipelines
Natural Gas Storage
Natural Gas Plants
Indicates # of Facilities

KMP

NGPL
NGPL Storage
Natural Gas Pipelines
Natural Gas Storage
Gas-Fired Power Plants
Retail Natural Gas Division

Kinder Morgan Headquarters
Houston, Texas
Kinder Morgan: Three Securities

**Kinder Morgan Energy Partners**
- Market Equity (a) $9.0
- Debt (a) 4.7
- Enterprise Value $13.7
- 2005E EBITDA $1,581 mm
- 2005E Dist. CF $1,178 mm

**Kinder Morgan, Inc**
- Market Equity (b) $9.4
- Debt (b) 2.7
- Enterprise Value $12.1
- 2005E EBITDA $1,142 mm
- 2005E Dist. CF $623 mm

---

(a) KMEP market cap based on 153 million common units at a price of $44.33 and 54 million KMR i-units at a price of $40.70 as of December 31, 2004. Debt balance, as of December 31, 2004, excluding the fair value of interest rate swaps, net of cash.
(b) KMI market cap based on 125 million shares at $73.13 as of December 31, 2004. Market equity also includes $284 million of capital trust securities (TRUPS). Debt balance as of December 31, 2004, excluding fair value of interest rate swaps and cash from sale of TransColorado, net of other cash.
(c) Includes 5.3 million Class B units owned by KMI. Class B units are unlisted KMP common units.
### Promises Made, Promises Kept

#### Promises Made

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KMP/KMR</th>
<th>Distribution per unit:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000:</td>
<td>$1.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001:</td>
<td>$1.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002:</td>
<td>$2.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003:</td>
<td>$2.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004:</td>
<td>$2.84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KMI</th>
<th>Earnings Per Share (a):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000:</td>
<td>$1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001:</td>
<td>$1.66-$1.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002:</td>
<td>$2.55 - $2.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003:</td>
<td>$3.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004:</td>
<td>$3.71</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Promises Kept

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KMP/KMR</th>
<th>Distribution per unit:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000:</td>
<td>$1.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001:</td>
<td>$2.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002:</td>
<td>$2.435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003:</td>
<td>$2.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004:</td>
<td>$2.87</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KMI</th>
<th>Earnings Per Share (a):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000:</td>
<td>$1.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001:</td>
<td>$1.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002:</td>
<td>$2.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003:</td>
<td>$3.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004:</td>
<td>$3.81</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Excluding certain items and loss on early extinguishment of debt.
2005 Corporate Goals

**KMP/KMR**

- **Distribution Target** (without acquisitions)
  - $3.13 per unit (9% growth)
  - Excess coverage of $39 million

- **Strengthen balance sheet**
  - Budgeted Expansions:
    - 85% equity, 15% debt
  - New acquisitions:
    - 60% equity, 40% debt

**KMI**

- **EPS Target** (without acquisitions)
  - $4.22 per share (11% growth)

- Maintain strong balance sheet
- Return cash to investors
Consistent Track Record

**Total Distributions (GP + LP) ($mm)**

- **CAGR = 60%**
- **1996:** $17
- **1997:** $30
- **1998:** $153
- **1999:** $198
- **2000:** $333
- **2001:** $548
- **2002:** $701
- **2003:** $827
- **2004:** $978
- **2005E:** $1,139

**KMI Earnings Per Share**

- **CAGR = 34%**
- **1999:** $0.74
- **2000:** $1.28
- **2001:** $1.96
- **2002:** $2.84
- **2003:** $3.33
- **2004:** $3.81
- **2005E:** $4.22

**Debt to Total Capital (b)**

- **KMP:** 49% 31% 39% 46% 51% 43% 39% 51%
- **KMI:** 31% 39% 46% 47% 48% 43% 39% 51%

**KMP Distribution / Unit (a)**

- **CAGR = 20%**
- **1996:** $0.63
- **1997:** $1.13
- **1998:** $1.30
- **1999:** $1.45
- **2000:** $1.90
- **2001:** $2.20
- **2002:** $2.50
- **2003:** $2.72
- **2004:** $2.96
- **2005E:** $3.20

**Total Distributions (GP + LP) ($mm)**

- **1996:** $0
- **1997:** $200
- **1998:** $400
- **1999:** $600
- **2000:** $800
- **2001:** $1,000
- **2002:** $1,200
- **2003:** $1,400
- **2004:** $1,600
- **2005E:** $1,800

- **(a)** Declared 4Q distribution annualized (i.e. multiplied by four).
- **(b)** Excludes loss/gains in Other Comprehensive Income related to hedges; KMI 2004 excludes cash on hand from TransColorado sale.
Significant Historical Returns

**KMI: 41% annual return**

- **Total Return (a,b)**
- **KMI**: 554%
- **UTY Index**: 47% (6%)
- **S&P 500**:

**KMP: 35% annual return**

- **Total Return (a,c)**
- **KMP**: 990%
- **MLP Index**: 341%
- **S&P 500**: 85%

**KMR: 11% annual return**

- **Total Return (a,d)**
- **KMR**: 102%
- **MLP Index**: 47%
- **S&P 500**: 3%

Sources: Bloomberg, Citigroup Smith Barney

(a) Returns calculated on a daily basis assuming dividends/distributions reinvested in index/stock/unit, except MLP Index calculated on a monthly basis
(b) Start date 7/8/1999; KN Energy merger announced
(c) Start date 12/31/1996
(d) Start date 5/14/2001; Initial public offering
The Kinder Morgan Strategy

**Same Strategy Since Inception**

- Focus on stable, fee-based assets which are core to the energy infrastructure of growing markets
- Increase utilization of assets while controlling costs
  - Classic fixed cost businesses with little variable costs
  - Improve productivity to drop all top-line growth to bottom line
- Leverage economies of scale from incremental acquisitions and expansions
  - Reduce needless overhead
  - Apply best practices to core operations
- Maximize benefit of a unique financial structure which fits with strategy
  - MLP avoids double taxation, increasing distributions from high cash flow businesses
  - Strong balance sheet allows flexibility when raising capital for acquisitions / expansions
Management Philosophy

- **Low Cost Asset Operator**
  - Senior management limited to $200,000 per year in base salary
  - No planes, sports tickets, etc.

- **Attention to Detail**
  - Weekly operations and financial assessment
  - Monthly and quarterly earnings
  - Quarterly strategic review

- **Disciplined Capital Allocation**
  - Consistent return hurdles
  - Consistent assumptions
  - Accountability

- **Risk Management**
  - Avoid businesses with direct commodity price exposure where possible
  - Hedge commodity price risk
Management Philosophy (continued)

- **Transparency**
  - Publish budget, compare to actual quarterly results on conference calls
  - Publish detailed information for analyst conference

- **Cash is King**
  - Get the cash! - monthly accounts receivable meetings
  - Return cash to investors; let investor make reinvestment decision

- **Alignment of Incentives**
  - Bonus targets are tied to published budget
  - All employees have equity-based incentives.
  - Rich Kinder owns 20% equity stake in KMI, largest in S&P 500 energy
  - He receives $1 per year in salary, no bonus, no options

- **Business Unit Autonomy**
  - Experienced business unit presidents – 23 years average industry experience
  - Presidents run own businesses
  - Corporate: Capital Allocation, Accountability, Common Culture, Access to Capital
Kinder Morgan Energy Partners
KMP and KMR
Solid Asset Base Generates Stable Fee Income

**Terminals**
- 55% Liquids, 45% Bulk
- Geographic and product diversity
- 3-4 year average contract life

**KMP 2005 DCF (a)**
- Terminals: 16%
- Product Pipelines: 30%
- CO₂: 28%
- Natural Gas Pipelines: 26%

**Products Pipelines**
- Refinery hub to population center strategy
- 64% Pipelines
- 31% Associated Terminals (b)
- 5% Transmix
- No commodity price risk

**CO₂**
- 25% CO₂ transport and sales
- 75% oil production related
- Expected production hedged: 2005=95%; 2006=72%; 2007=58%

**Natural Gas Pipelines**
- 51% Texas Intrastate
- 49% Rockies
- Little incidental commodity risk

---

(a) Budgeted 2005 distributable cash flow before G&A and interest
(b) Terminals are not FERC regulated except portion of CalNev.
## Long-Term Growth Drivers

### Business Segment | Growth Drivers
--- | ---
**Products Pipelines** | - Gasoline demand tracks demographic growth  
- Serve 8 of 10 fastest growing metropolitan areas  
- Price escalator = PPI  
- Advantage to existing assets

**Natural Gas Pipelines** | - Natural gas demand growth = 1.5%/year (a)  
- US is infrastructure constrained  
- LNG requires new infrastructure  
- Advantage to existing assets

**CO₂** | - Production at SACROC and Yates  
- Additional Permian Basin Opportunities  
- Opportunities in new basins  
- CO₂ Expertise

**Terminals** | - Increasing product specifications  
- Changing regulations  
- Advantage to existing assets

---

(a) Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA) 2005 Annual Energy Outlook
Approximately $9 Billion in Capital Invested at KMP

Total Invested by Year

- 1998: $1,1618
- 1999: $1,065
- 2000: $1,020
- 2001: $1,893
- 2002: $1,261
- 2003: $873
- 2004: $1,232

Total Invested by Type

- Acquisitions: $6,976
- Expansions: $1,986

Total Invested by Segment

- Products: $3,191
- Natural Gas: $2,948
- CO2: $1,545
- Terminals: $1,278

(a) Calculation of Investment is detailed in Appendix
## KMP 2005 Expansion Capital Budget

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Business Segment</th>
<th>2005 Budget ($mm)</th>
<th>Major Projects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product Pipelines</td>
<td>$185</td>
<td>East Line, Carson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Gas Pipelines</td>
<td>$130</td>
<td>Dallas, Rancho, Markham, TransColorado</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(\text{CO}_2)</td>
<td>$238</td>
<td>SACROC and Yates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminals</td>
<td>$53</td>
<td>Pasadena, Carteret, Tampaplex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$606</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Disciplined Investment Process and Accountability**

**Acquisition Model**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBITDA</td>
<td>$60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustaining Capital</td>
<td>(10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributable CF</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase Price</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple</td>
<td>8X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRR (a)</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Segment Budget**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2004 DCF</td>
<td>$400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add: Acquisition/Expansion</td>
<td></td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2005 DCF</td>
<td>$450</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Board Review**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Acquisition</th>
<th>2005 Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBITDA</td>
<td>$60</td>
<td>$62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sust. Capital</td>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>(11)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCF</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Assumes 60% equity, 40% debt
### Leads to Attractive Return on Capital

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Return on Investment:</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2001</th>
<th>2002</th>
<th>2003</th>
<th>2004</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Products Pipelines</td>
<td>11.9%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>12.8%</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Gas Pipelines</td>
<td>13.3</td>
<td>15.5</td>
<td>12.9</td>
<td>13.5</td>
<td>14.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO₂</td>
<td>27.5</td>
<td>24.6</td>
<td>22.0</td>
<td>21.9</td>
<td>23.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminals</td>
<td>19.1</td>
<td>18.2</td>
<td>17.7</td>
<td>18.4</td>
<td>18.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>KMP Return on Investment</strong></td>
<td><strong>12.3%</strong></td>
<td><strong>12.7%</strong></td>
<td><strong>12.6%</strong></td>
<td><strong>13.1%</strong></td>
<td><strong>13.7%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KMP Return on Equity</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17.4%</td>
<td>19.0%</td>
<td>21.9%</td>
<td>23.2%</td>
<td>25.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) G&A is deducted in calculating return on investment, but is not allocated to the segments and therefore not deducted in calculating the segment information.

(b) Please see Appendix for details on calculations.
KMP is Conservatively Capitalized

**Credit Summary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Baa1/BBB+</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Net Debt / Total Capital (a)</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2005 Budget Estimates:
- Debt / EBITDA                        | 3.0x      |
- EBITDA / Interest                    | 6.3x      |

**CP Capacity (c)**

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Revolver</td>
<td>$1,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding CP</td>
<td>417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excess Capacity</td>
<td>$833</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comparative Credit Ratings (b)**

- EPD: BB+ $9.3, BBB+ $9.0
- KMP: BB+ $4.5, BBB+ $4.7
- EEP: BBB $1.6, BBB $1.5
- TPP: BBB+ $1.4, $0.0
- NBP: $0.0

**Long-Term Debt Maturities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount (in millions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>$205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>$45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>$255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>$5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>$250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Excludes loss/gain in Other Comprehensive Income account related to hedges.
(b) Priced as of December 31, 2004, source Bloomberg. Source for all other debt and units outstanding is Lehman.
(c) As of 12/31/04
KMP is Growing Equity Distribution Coverage

Published Budget vs. Actual Coverage

Internally Generated Cash Flow Available for Reinvestment ($ mm)

Approximate $ Coverage (a)

(a) Approximate coverage is the actual net income before DD&A less sustaining cap ex, divided by the cash required to pay the declared distribution to the LPs and the incentive distribution to the GP.
Kinder Morgan Inc.
Solid Asset Base Generates Stable Fee Income

**Investment in KMP (a)**
- General partner interest earns incentive distributions
- Owns 17% of total limited partner units

**KMI 2005 Segment Income (b)**

- **KMP 53%**
- **NGPL 39%**

**NGPL**
- FERC regulated with 3 year average contract life
- Primary customers are Chicago local distribution companies
- Little incidental commodity risk

**Retail**
- Natural gas distribution service
- Serve Colorado, Wyoming and Nebraska
- 240,000 customers

---

(a) Includes: (i) general partner interest, (ii) earnings from 20 million KMP units and (iii) earnings from 15 million KMR shares.
(b) Budgeted 2005 segment earnings before G&A and interest.
KMI is Conservatively Capitalized

Credit Summary

Rating: Baa2/BBB
Current Net Debt / Total Capital (a): 39%

2005 Budget Estimates:
- Debt / EBITDA: 2.4x
- EBITDA / Interest: 7.5x

Comparative Credit Ratings (b)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Debt</th>
<th>Market Equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENB</td>
<td>$10.0</td>
<td>$6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KMI</td>
<td>$9.4</td>
<td>$2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STR</td>
<td>$4.4</td>
<td>$1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQT</td>
<td>$3.8</td>
<td>$0.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CP Capacity (c)

- Total Revolver: $800
- Outstanding CP: 0
- Cash: 177
- Excess Capacity: $977

Long-Term Debt Maturities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>$ (in millions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>$505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>$5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>$5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>$305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>$5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
(a) Excludes cash on hand from TransColorado sale.
(b) Market equity priced as of December 31, 2004, includes preferred where applicable, source: Bloomberg. Source for all other debt, preferred and shares outstanding is Lehman.
(c) As of 12/31/04
## Targeted KMI Internal Growth

### Three Assumptions:

1. **Investment in KMP**
   - 15% growth results from 8-10% LP distribution growth

2. **NGPL / Other Assets**
   - 3 - 5% segment earnings growth

3. **Use of Free Cash Flow**
   - $104 million in share repurchase

   **Consistent with 10-12% earnings growth**

4. **Use of Free Cash Flow**
   - $2.80/share in dividends

   **Approximately 3.8% yield**
Limited Reinvestment Required for Growth (a)

- Comparison does not include any firms with a negative CF in 1998. Cash Flow from Continuing Operations is used to determine change in CF.
- KMI (2) is from 1998-2004.
- S&P 500 – All Energy = Utility & Energy Indices
## Tremendous Historical Incremental Returns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Return on Investment:</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2001</th>
<th>2002</th>
<th>2003</th>
<th>2004</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investment in KMP</td>
<td>11.2%</td>
<td>16.9%</td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td>25.0%</td>
<td>29.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NGPL</td>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>12.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail</td>
<td>13.0</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>14.5</td>
<td>13.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>14.3</td>
<td>20.2</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>4.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KMI Return on Investment (a,c)</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>12.4%</td>
<td>13.3%</td>
<td>14.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| KMI Return on Equity           | 16.6% | 19.0% | 18.5% | 21.3% | 23.2% |

(a) G&A is deducted in calculating KMI return on investment, but is not allocated to the segments and therefore not deducted in calculating the segment information.
(b) Please see Appendix for details on calculations.
(c) Totals include all assets owned in given year, even if subsequently divested.
Over $2.7 billion returned to investors 2000-2005

- **Dividends**: $839
  - 2000-2004: $343
  - 2005: $496

- **Share Repurchase**: $778
  - 2000-2004: $222
  - 2005: $556

- **Change in Net Debt**: $1,149

- **Total**: $2,201
  - 2000-2004: $565
  - 2005: $1,636

(a) 2005E numbers include $118 million in share repurchase from TransColorado sale.
Risks

- **Regulatory**
  - Pacific Products Pipeline FERC/CPUC case
  - Periodic rate reviews
  - Unexpected FERC policy changes

- **Environmental**

- **Terrorism**

- **Interest Rates**
  - 50% of debt is floating rate
  - Budget assumes approximately 100 bps increase in floating rates over the year
  - A full year of a 100 basis point increase in rates approximately $24 million increase in expense at KMP and $14 million at KMI
Our Commitment to Safety and our Assets

- $226 million in 2005 sustaining capital spending
- Approximately $160 million additional maintenance in O&M
- Most business units safer than industry averages
- Benchmark against both industry and internal
- Goal is for all business units to be better than industry
- Seek continual improvement in results
- Frequently review decision-making process for determining sustaining capital
- Safety director coordinates across business units
- Business unit leaders accountable for performance
- Portion of employee bonus tied to safety performance
Summary

- **Stable Cash Flow**
  - Own assets core to energy infrastructure

- **Internal Growth Opportunities**
  - Critical Mass
  - Well-located assets/favorable demographics

- **Fixed Cost Business**
  - Drop growth to bottom line

- **Unique Structure**
  - Tax Efficient
  - Incentive Fee

- **Management Philosophy**
  - Low-Cost Operator
  - Focused on cash
  - Disciplined Investment

**KMP/KMR:**
- 6-7% Yield and 8-10% Long-Term Growth

**KMI:**
- 3.8% Yield and 10-12% Long-Term Growth