

Products Pipelines
Tom Bannigan



### 2004 Results

- Refined Products volumes up 2.1%; Revenues up 4.9%.
  - West Coast
    - Pacific volumes up 1.7% (2.6% adjusted for ethanol conversion)
    - CALNEV volumes up 3.7% (gasoline up 4.7%)
    - Strong jet volume growth on SFPP & Calnev (up 5.0 million Bbls or 6.5%)
  - Southeast (PPL/CFPL)
    - Central Florida up 7.6% (gasoline up 7.2%)
    - PPL up 1.6% (+3% adjusted for Hurricane Ivan refinery disruptions in 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter)
    - Jet volumes up 4.4% in Southeast, led by CFPL up 12.3% and D.C. airports up 5.6%



### 2004 Volumes

	EIA Nationwide Demand	<u>Pacific</u>	<u>Calnev</u>	<u>CFPL</u>	<u>PPL</u>
Gasoline	+1.4%	+2.6% <sup>1</sup>	+4.7%	+7.2%	+1.5%
Diesel	+3.8%	+0.2%	-4.0%	+3.7%	+1.2%
Jet	<u>+2.1%</u>	<u>+5.8%</u>	<u>+11.4%</u>	<u>+12.3</u>	<u>+2.6%</u>
Total	+2.1%	+2.6% <sup>1</sup>	+3.7%	+7.6%	+1.6%/3.0% <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Adjusted for ethanol

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 3.0% represents volumes adjusted for throughput lost to refinery disruption in 4Q.



### 2004 Results (continued)

#### OTHER FACTORS:

Gasoline volumes: Total gasoline volumes up 1.8% or 8 million Bbls. (3 million Bbls on Pacific). Adjusted for ethanol, increase year over year of 2.6%. Central Florida (Orlando) up 7.2% and CALNEV up 4.7% with strong growth in Barstow, CA. On PPL, Atlanta off due to refinery logistics shift for new Atlanta gasoline spec, but growth in Carolinas. MidCon's Heartland Pipe Line up 6.7%.

Military volumes: Year over year growth of 10.7% (1.8 million Bbls) with growth across west coast and southeast bases

<u>Diesel volumes</u>: Lag national demand numbers due to Salt Lake City pricing differentials impacting Las Vegas volumes; loss of major distillate customer on PPL and 4Q refinery disruption on PPL



### **Demand Drivers**

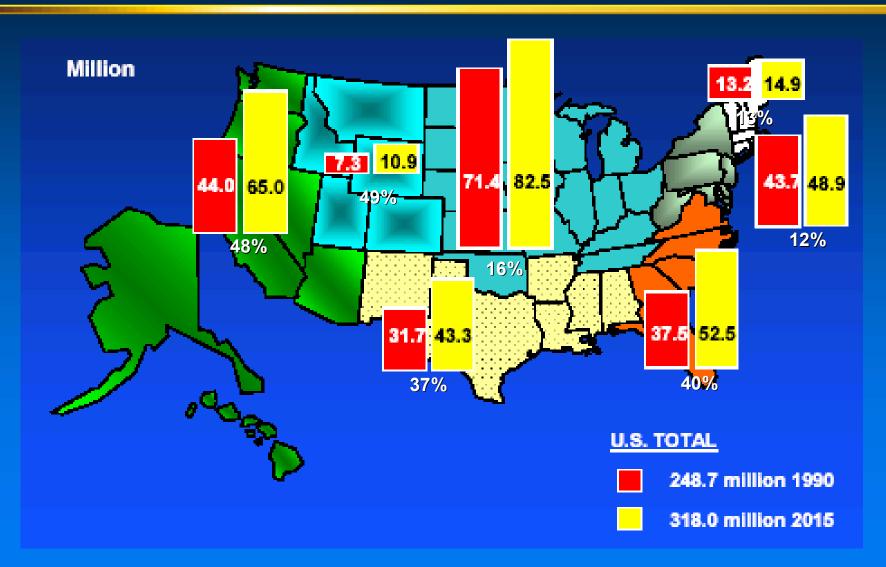
- Operate in Growth Markets\*,
  - 2000-2020 Population Growth\*
    - >50% (Arizona, Nevada)
    - >25% (California, Oregon, New Mexico, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida)
- Population Shifts to Southeast and Southwest
- Operate in Large Markets
  - Los Angeles, San Francisco Bay Area, Phoenix, San Diego,
     Las Vegas
  - Atlanta, Washington D.C.

<sup>\*</sup>Source: Woods & Poole 2004 Economics Reports

<sup>\*\*</sup>Source: Wards Automotive sales summary Dec 2004



### Growing and Shifting U.S. Population





### **Demand Drivers**

- Vehicle Sales Preferences
  - Ratio of Passenger Cars to Light Trucks/SUV's\*

<u>2003</u> <u>2004</u>

46%/54% 45%/55%

- Average vehicle fuel economy has declined to 20.7 mpg in 2003 model year from 22.1 mpg in 1988\*\*
- Modest Increases to CAFE Standards for Light Trucks Through 2007 (cumulative increase of about 7%)\*\*\*
- Service Areas are Very Congested\*\*\*\*
  - Nation's Most Congested Highways:
    - Of the top ten, eight served by Kinder Morgan Pipelines
    - Of the top twenty-four, fifteen served by Kinder Morgan Pipelines
- Vehicle miles traveled 2003 vs. 2002 up 1.2%

\*EIA

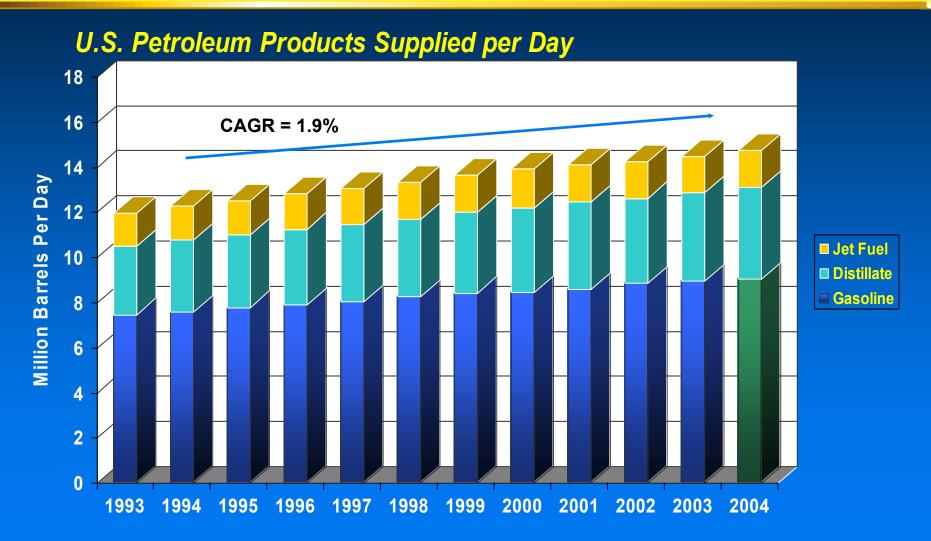
\*\*The New York Times, "George Jetson, Meet the Sequel," Section 3, p. 1., January 9, 2005

\*\*\* Federal Register, Vol. 68, p. 16868 et seq., April 7, 2003

\*\*\*\*\*Source: Federal Highway Administration: Traffic Congestion and Reliability, July 2004



### **Commodity Demand**



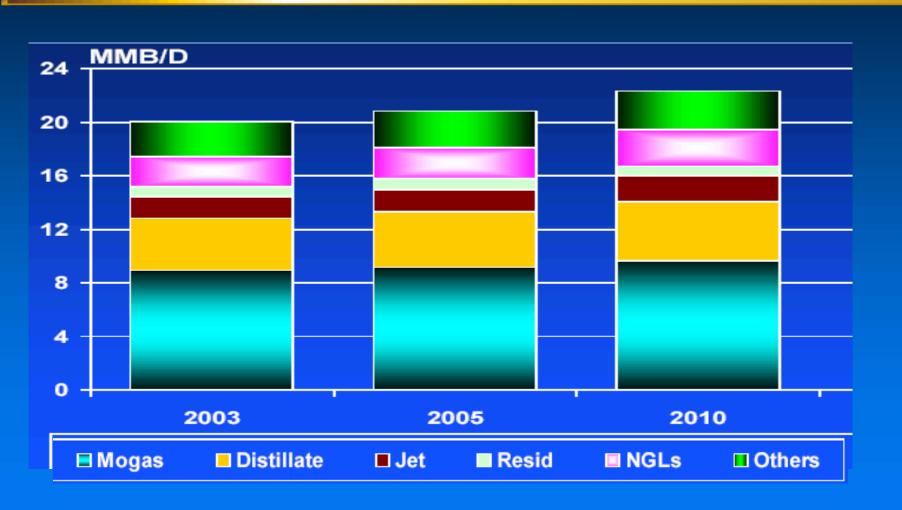


### **EIA National Demand/Near Term Forecast**

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Gasoline	1.4%	1.9%	2.4%
Distillate	3.8%	2.5%	1.3%
Jet	<u>2.1%</u>	<u>2.6%</u>	<u>1.9%</u>
TOTAL	2.1%	2.0%	1.9%

### KINDER MORGAN

# PIRA Petroleum Product Demand Forecast 2003-2010





### 2004 Results\*

	Pipeline Volumes MMBBL			Pipeline F	Pipeline Revenues \$MM		
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>Pct</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>Pct</u>	
Pacific	419.9	413.0	1.7% <sup>1</sup>	319.2	302.6	5.5%	
Calnev	46.3	44.7	3.8%	54.6	54.6	0.1%	
Plantation	227.1	223.5	1.6%	166.0	157.8	5.2%	
Heartland	7.5	7.4	0.9%	7.0	6.7	4.9%	
CFPL	<u>37.8</u>	<u>35.2</u>	<u>7.5%</u>	<u>36.5</u>	<u>33.9</u>	<u>7.7%</u>	
Total	738.6	723.7	2.1%	583.4	555.6	5.0%	

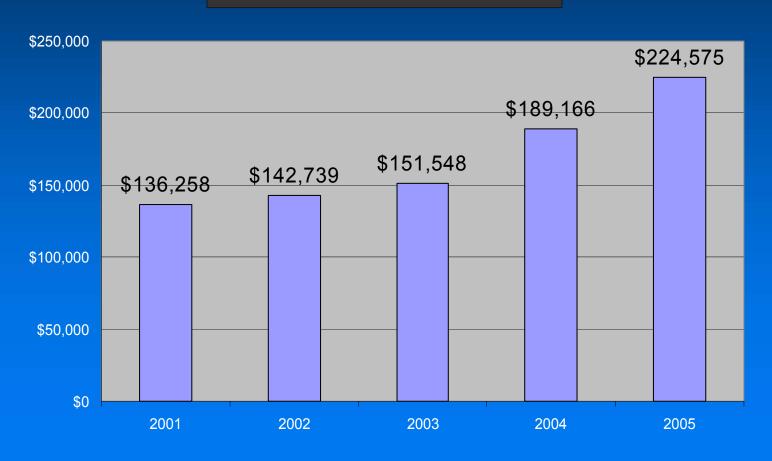
<sup>\*</sup>Includes Associated Terminals Revenues on Pacific, Calnev and CFPL, excludes Southeast Terminals and NGL revenues

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Volumes unadjusted for ethanol impact; revenues include ethanol blending/injection



### **Refined Products**

## Terminal Revenue Growth (Thousand \$)





### **Terminal Revenue Growth**

#### **CURRENT DRIVERS:**

- '03 vs. '04 revenue growth of 24.8%
- Ethanol blending on West Coast
- Shell terminal acquisitions in California/Arizona/Nevada
- Marine imports (domestic/foreign) into Carson, CA terminal
  - Have increased 35% since 2000
  - Record imports in 2004
  - 1 in 4 Bbl now foreign import vs. 1 in 6 Bbl in 2000
- Southeast terminal acquisitions (XOM/COP/CTT)
  - 7 acquired in 2003/16 acquired in 2004
     (10 months XOM / almost 2 months CTT in 2004 results)



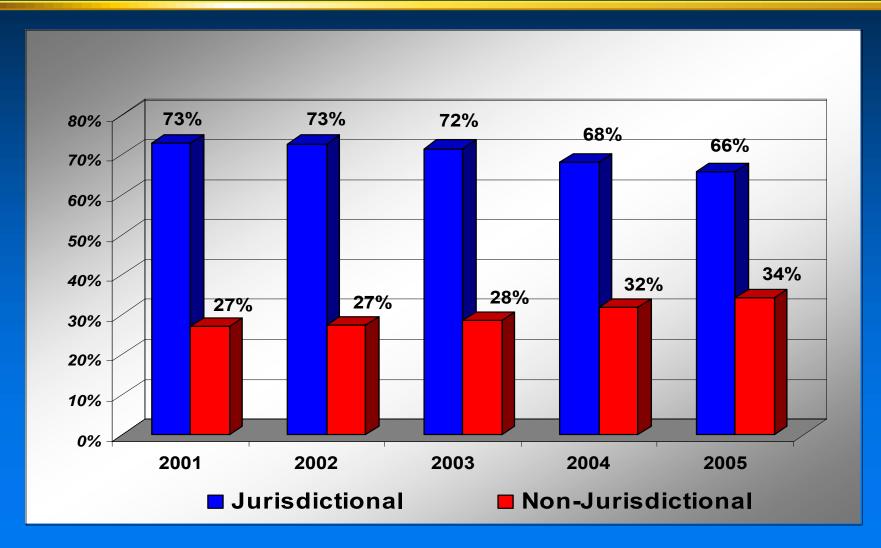
### Terminal Revenue Growth (continued)

#### **FUTURE DRIVERS:**

- Carson terminal expansion
  - Import growth (finished products and blendstocks)/traders seeking storage positions
- Expanding customer base in Southeast/tank utilization
   (8 new customers in 4Q alone)
- Ethanol blending in Southeast (Atlanta)
- Lubricity additive injection
  - West Coast/Southeast
- Acquisitions
  - Likely "one-offs" first half of 2005
  - Major integrated terminals packages may be marketed second half 2005/early 2006



### Jurisdictional vs Non-Jurisdictional Revenue





### **Expansion Projects**

#### LA HARBOR AND CARSON TERMINAL EXPANSION

- Investment: \$39.7 million
- Pipeline capacity increased by 50% to 10,000 BPH in 2004
- Tank Projects delayed 1Q 2004 by City of Carson Conditional Use Permit Approval
- "Good Neighbor" Agreement executed 3Q/2004
- Expect Permits by March 2005
- 4 tanks complete by year end; 6 additional tanks in 2006
- Negotiating with parties interested in 8 additional tanks



### **Expansion Projects (Continued)**

#### LUBRICITY ADDITIVE PROJECTS

- Additive necessary in Low-Sulfur Diesel (not pipeline compatible)
- Southeast and Pacific Terminals Investment \$4.3 million
- Expected annual EBITDA \$2.5 million
- 5 units operational as of 12/31/2004 in Southeast/6 more by 2/1/05
- 13 additional units operational in California by May 2005



### **Expansion Projects (Pipelines)**

#### PACIFIC NORTH LINE

- Completed in December 2004
- \$95 million investment
- Increased capacity to Sacramento by 48 B/D or 32%
  - Additional expansions through horsepower
- New Route out of sensitive Suisun Marsh area
- Environmental permitting 35 months/Construction time 7 months

#### PACIFIC EAST LINE EXPANSION

- Increase capacity El Paso to Tucson by 56%; Tucson to Phoenix by 80%
  - East Line Connection to Longhorn Pipeline completed in 2004
- \$210 million capital cost
- 12 mile segment through Tucson complete 1Q04
- Scheduled for completion 1Q 2006
  - Environmental permitting on track
  - Construction to begin 3Q 2005



### 2004 Acquisitions

#### ExxonMobil Terminals

- Seven terminals
- \$48 million purchase, additional \$1.2 million to be invested
- Approximately 3.2 million Bbl storage
- 10 year term agreement with ExxonMobil
- All seven connected to Plantation Pipe Line, two connected to Colonial Pipe Line

#### **Charter Triad Terminals**

- Nine terminals
- \$72.2 million purchase, additional \$1.8 million to be invested
- Approximately 3.2 million Bbl storage
- Customer split 42% majors; 58% other
- Three connected to Plantation Pipe Line, all nine connected to Colonial Pipe Line



### **KM Southeast Terminals**

#### **Kinder Morgan Terminal Locations**

Albany, GA

Athens, GA

Birmingham, AL

Charlotte, NC (3)

Chesapeake, VA

Collins, MS

Doraville, GA

Greensboro, NC (2)

Knoxville, TN

N. Augusta, SC (2)

Newington, VA

Richmond, VA (2)

Roanoke, VA

Selma, NC (4)

Spartanburg, SC





### 2004 Acquisitions

#### RECAP OF KINDER MORGAN SOUTHEAST TERMINALS

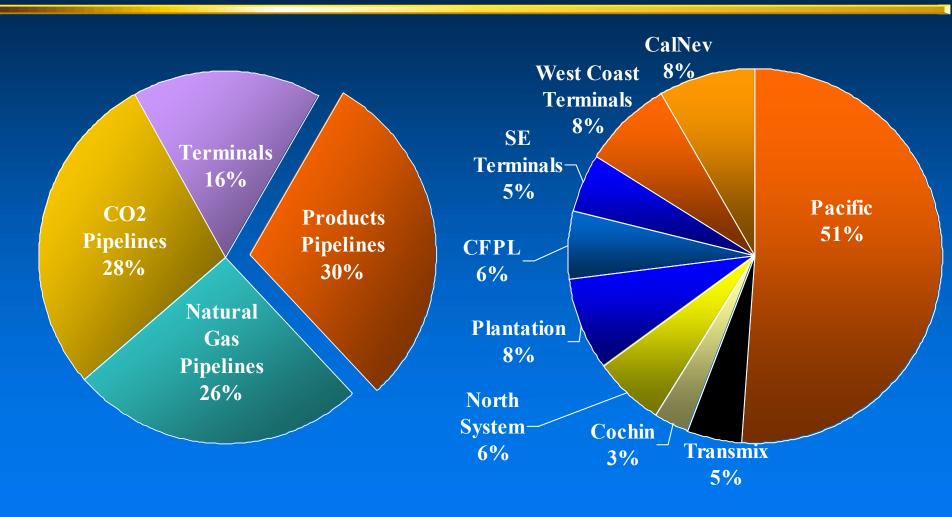
- TOTAL INVESTMENT \$144 MILLION
- 2004 DCF PERFORMANCE 18% OVER PLAN (EXCLUDES CTT ACQUISITION 11/04)
- 2005 PLAN DCF OF \$24,330 MILLION, 89% over 2004 DCF

#### **COCHIN PIPE LINE**

- 5% INTEREST FROM CONOCOPHILLIPS (FOR APPROXIMATELY \$11M)
- 49.8% OWNERSHIP INTEREST
- COCHIN GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES
- 2004 COCHIN NET INCOME 86% OVER 2003



### 2005 Products Pipeline Segment Overview \*



<sup>\* 2005</sup> budgeted distributable cash flow before G&A and interest



### Plan

	<u>Pipeline</u>	Pipeline Volumes MMBBL			Pipeline Revenues \$MM		
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>Pct</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>Pct</u>	
Pacific	432.6	419.9	3.0%	343.4	319.2	7.6%	
Calnev	48.0	46.3	3.6%	57.0	54.6	4.3%	
Plantation	229.2	227.1	1.0%	174.3	166.0	5.0%	
Heartland	9.3	7.5	24.3%	8.4	7.0	20.0%	
CFPL	<u>38.8</u>	<u>37.8</u>	<u>2.5%</u>	<u>38.2</u>	<u>36.5</u>	<u>4.5%</u>	
Total	757.9	738.6	2.6%	621.2	583.4	6.5%	



### **2005 Volume Forecast**

- Expect continued growth in gasoline and jet volumes in line with demographic trends
- Pacific / Calnev
  - Expect 4% volume growth in Arizona and Las Vegas
  - Ethanol effect has been fully absorbed in 2004; gasoline demand expected to increase by 3% in 2005



### 2005 Volume Forecast (continued)

#### Plantation

- Expect 3.7% growth in Jet Fuel volumes. Continued growing demand at Atlanta,
   Charlotte, Dulles and Reagan.
- Length of haul will increase due to Colonial capacity issues during peak periods

#### Central Florida Pipeline

 Expect 2.5% volume growth due to tourism and demographic trends in Tampa/Orlando I-4 corridor

#### FERC Index

- 3.17% indexed tariff adjustment in July 2004
- 2005 Index: 3.25% in Plan. Current assessment is index increase will be approximately 3.6%



### **SFPP Rate Case Update**

#### OR 92-8

- Original case/FERC Opinion 435 (1999) West Line Grandfathering upheld/East Line cost of service
- Court of Appeals Decision (July 2004)
  - Upheld FERC's favorable grandfathering determination on West Line rates
  - Case remanded in November 2004 from Ct. of Appeals to FERC on a number of issues, including income tax allowance
- No date set, or forum chosen, for remand proceeding at FERC



### **SFPP Rate Case Update (Continued)**

#### OR 96-2

- Global complaint case (Complaints first filed in 1995-1997/FERC delayed adjudication until 2000 -- after Opinion 435 in OR92-8)
- Phase I Commission decision (March 2004) affirmed ALJ finding of "changed circumstances" on West Line. Reversed ALJ finding on North Line and Oregon Line. Requests for rehearing pending; decision also appealed by KM and shippers to D.C. Circuit.
- Phase II cost of service Initial Decision ("I.D.") of Judge Zimmet has been fully briefed on exceptions to Commission (November/December 2004)
- Commission can accept, modify or reject all or portions of Phase II I.D.
- Commission decision not expected until early 3Q 2005 (assumes comparable 7 month lag from Phase I I.D. to Phase I Commission Decision)
- Phase I FERC decision stayed at Court of Appeals until Phase II decided



### **SFPP Rate Case Update (Continued)**

#### **NEW COMPLAINTS**

- AIRLINES COMPLAINT (SEPTEMBER 2004); XOM/BP/COP COMPLAINTS (DECEMBER 2004)
- COMPLAINTS ATTACK ALL SFPP INTERSTATE RATES
- COMPLAINTS CONTEND "SUBSTANTIALLY CHANGED CIRCUMSTANCES" AND CONTINUED OVER-EARNINGS
- CASES LIKELY WILL BE CONSOLIDATED FOR HEARING
- NO ACTION ON COMPLAINTS EXPECTED UNTIL OR96-2 PROCEEDINGS ARE RESOLVED



### SFPP Rate Case Update (Continued)

#### PL05-5

- INCOME TAX ALLOWANCE INQUIRY BY FERC TRIGGERED BY COURT OF APPEALS REMAND OF OR92-8. RESPONSES DUE JANUARY 21.
- TRADE GROUPS (AOPL, EEI, INGAA), INVESTMENT COMMUNITY, PTP AND INDIVIDUAL COMPANIES SUPPORT FULL INCOME TAX ALLOWANCE AND IGNORING CORPORATE FORM IN DETERMINING ALLOWANCE
- EXPECT FERC TO RESPOND TO COMMENTS QUICKLY; OUTCOMES
   COULD BE A COMMISSION DECISION ON TAX ALLOWANCE
   TREATMENT OR A RULEMAKING TO FURTHER STUDY THE ISSUE
- IMPACT ON TIMING AND SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES IN OR92-8 REMAND AND OR96-2 ARE UNCLEAR UNTIL FERC ACTS

EARNINGS GUIDANCE REGARDING TIMING AND OUTCOMES OF SFPP CASES REMAINS UNCHANGED



### Safety

- Our objective year in/year out is <u>Incident free operations</u>.
- High profile incidents (Tucson, 2003; Suisun Marsh and Walnut Creek (2004))
- KM performance vs. pipeline industry (reportable pipeline incidents per 1,000 miles of pipeline)
  - 1998-2003 KM performance better than industry 5 of 6 years
  - Over 6-year period KM performance .46 vs. industry rate of .57.
  - KM performance vs. prior asset owners (reportable pipeline incidents)

<u>1991-1997</u>	<u>1998-2004</u>	<u>% Change</u>	
45	26	-42%	

IMP Rule Performance

DOT required 50% of pipelines in HCA's to be internally inspected by September 30, 2004. KM Refined Products Lines: 67% of miles in HCA's/65% of all miles

— Percentage of miles inspected prior to IMP Rule requiring internal inspection:

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SFPP 97%
CALNEV 99%
PPL 91%
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